

The Book of Romans 3:19-26
Key Phrases

- ✓ *Those who are under the law:* The universal verdict is that we are all _____.
- ✓ *That every mouth may be shut:* We have no right to _____ with God.
- ✓ *All the world may become guilty before God:* The world become subject to God's judgment and there will be no _____.
- ✓ *By the law is the knowledge of sin:* The law identifies the _____, but it does not provide a _____.
- ✓ *The righteousness of God apart from the law is revealed:* The righteousness of God has nothing to do with any _____ or _____ we can do in our own power.
- ✓ *Being witnessed by the Law and the Prophets:* The teaching of _____ is not different than what the Old Testament taught.
- ✓ *To all and on all who believe:* Just as all are _____ under the law, all are declared _____ in Christ.
- ✓ *All have sinned and fall short of the glory of God:* There is no distinction among those who are _____ because there is no distinction among those who are _____.
- ✓ *Being justified freely by His grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus:* Jesus paid a price he didn't _____ to give us a gift we didn't _____.
- ✓ *Propitiation:* Appeasement or satisfaction; Christ's death satisfied the offended _____ of God.

The Book of Romans 3:19-26
Discussion Questions

1. How has favoritism in our culture impacted one's understanding of God's view towards our sin?

2. What happens when someone views their ability to keep the law as the solution to their sin problem?

3. How might salvation apart from the law support the concept of the security of the believer?

4. How can we reconcile God's law in the Old Testament with God's grace in the New Testament?

5. What are the implications of Romans 3:23 for the believer? For the unbeliever?

6. How should the redemption, atonement, and propitiation of Christ impact our daily lives?